Answer Key Testname: AS101MIDTERM1SUMMER2006

- 1) B
- 2) E
- 3) A
- 4) A
- 5) B
- 6) E 7) D
- 7) D 8) C
- 9) C
- 10) C
- 10) C 11) A
- 11) A
- 12) A
- 13) A
- 15) B
- 16) B
- 10) D 17) D
- 17) D 18) D
- 10) D
- 19) A
- 20) B
- 21) Average distance from Earth to the Sun
- 22) 12 hours
- 23) New Moon
- 24) The same
- 25) Yes
- 26) F=ma. Earth's acceleration is much greater than the Sun's because Earth's mass is much smaller than the Sun's.
- 27) 300C
- 28) Escape velocity
- 29) Twelve and a half hours
- 30) Absorption
- 31) Nucleus
- 32) Pressure
- 33) Blue (or purple or something similar)
- 34) Wavelengths decrease
- 35) Speeds of their light are the same
- 36) Earth's atmosphere absorbs ultraviolet light
- 37) Mercury, Mars, or Pluto
- 38) Mars and Jupiter
- 39) Hydrogen and helium
- 40) Gravity

- 41) Angular resolution =2.5 x 10^5 arcseconds x wavelength/diameter
 - = 2.5 x 10⁵ arcseconds x (500 x 10⁻⁹ m) / (5 x 10⁻³ m)
 - = 2.5×10^5 arcseconds x (5×10^{-7}) / (5×10^{-3})
 - = 2.5×10^5 arcseconds x 10^{-4}

= 25 arcseconds

42) (orbital periods in years)² =(average distance from Sun in AU)³

(orbital periods in years)² = 4^3

- (orbital periods in years)² =64
- orbital periods in years =8

43) Any five from:

Terrestrial planets have smaller size than jovian planets

Terrestrial planets have smaller mass than jovian planets

Terrestrial planets have higher density than jovian planets

Terrestrial planets have few (if any) moons, jovian planets have many moons

Terrestrial planets have no rings, jovian planets have rings

Terrestrial planets are made mostly of rock and metal/iron, whereas jovian planets are made

mostly of hydrogen, helium, and hydrogen compounds (water, methane, ammonia)

Terrestrial planets are closer to the Sun than jovian planets

Terrestrial planets are closer together than jovian planets are

Terrestrial planets have warm surfaces, jovian planets are cool at their cloudtops